

BRONZE PLAQUE DETAIL

- Raised 3/8" Bevel Edge
- Black Pebble Background
- Concealed Mounting

SCALE: 6" = 1'-0"



THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI
DEPARTMENT OF FACILITIES PLANNING
700 HATHORN ROAD UNIVERSITY, MISSISSIPPI 38677
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PROJECT NO:
● 17-074 (v1)

DATE ISSUED:

• 15 DEC 2017

DRAWN BY:

- **vep**

CHECKED BY:

- IB

REVISION/DATE:

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PROJECT TITLE

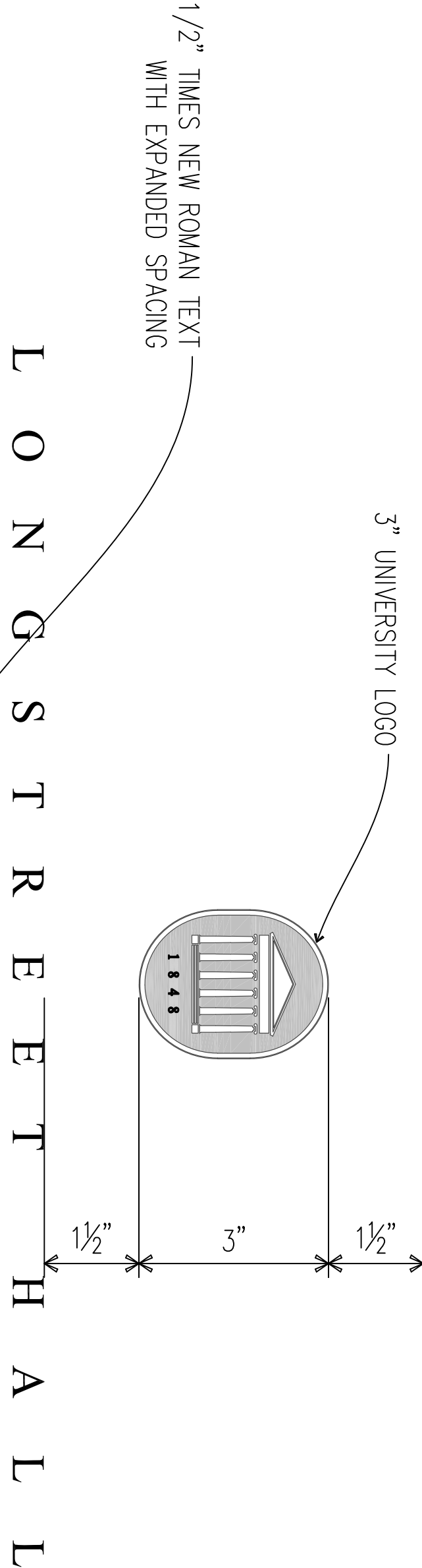
BARNARD OBSERVATORY
CONTEXTUALIZATION MARKERS

SHEET NUMBER

A1a

1 of 10

4'-3½"



This building was dedicated in honor of Augustus Baldwin Longstreet (1790-1870), second president of the University of Mississippi.

Born in Augusta, Georgia, Longstreet graduated from Yale and studied at Tapping Reeve's Litchfield, Connecticut, law school, before being admitted to the Georgia bar in 1815. He entered politics briefly, was elected to the Georgia legislature, but was soon appointed judge of a state superior court. Throughout this period, Longstreet was an author and newspaper editor, with his most renowned work, *Georgia Scenes*, published in 1835.

In 1838, he retired from law to become an itinerant minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Six years later he played an important role in fostering the split among Methodists over the issue of slavery. Longstreet presented to the national conference a petition from slaveholding states decrying the continuing agitation of northern Methodists on slavery and its abolition. Such policy, the petition stated, threatened division by embracing policy inconsistent with Methodist ministry as practiced in the South. The Methodist Episcopal Church split over the issue of slavery in 1844.

In 1840, Longstreet embraced another career when he was elected president of Emory College. He served there until 1848, when he became president of Centenary College in Jackson, Louisiana. Less than a year later, he was elected the second president of the University of Mississippi in 1849. Longstreet also taught and in 1853 was listed as professor of mental and moral science, rhetoric, logic, political economy, international law, and evidences of christianity. Among his responsibilities as president, Longstreet, a slaveowner, managed a number of enslaved laborers, both on the University campus and on a farm near Abbeville, the latter owned by his son-in-law, L. Q. C. Lamar. Resigning from the University in 1856, he returned to administration when elected president of the University of South Carolina the following year, a position he held until the Civil War. In 1861, he returned to Oxford, Mississippi, to reside with family until his death in 1870.

1 3/8"

2'-0"

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SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"



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PROJECT NO:
• 17-074 (W)
DATE ISSUED:
• 15 DEC 2017

DRAWN BY:
• vep
CHECKED BY:
• lb
REVISION/DATE:
•

PROJECT TITLE
LONGSTREET HALL
CONTEXTUALIZATION MARKERS

SHEET NUMBER
A2a
3 of 10

Plot Date: NONE

[illegible][illegible]

Figure 1: A diagram illustrating the relationship between the parameters α and β for the function $f(x) = \alpha x + \beta$. The horizontal axis is labeled α and the vertical axis is labeled β . The diagram shows a grid of points representing different values of α and β . The points are arranged in a way that shows how the function $f(x)$ changes as α and β vary. The diagram is divided into several regions by lines, and the regions are labeled with different values of α and β .

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DEC 2017

1000

PLC

SHEET NUMBER

10

The diagram illustrates the layout of the University of Mississippi campus. At the top, a horizontal line represents the railroad, with the text "UNIVERSITY Central Railroad in 1856 to 1857. They were rented from Oxford slaveholders who received railroad company stock in exchange for the work done by their slaves." written below it. To the right of the railroad is a large rectangular area labeled "3' UNIVERSITY LOGO". Below this area is a circular building labeled "1848". To the left of the circular building is a large rectangular area labeled "1 1/2' TIMES NEW ROMAN TEXT WITH EXPANDED SPACING". Below this area is a horizontal line with the text "1 3/8'" written below it. The diagram also shows a "3' UNIVERSITY LOGO" and a "1 1/2' TIMES NEW ROMAN TEXT WITH EXPANDED SPACING" area. The diagram is labeled with dimensions: "3' UNIVERSITY LOGO", "1 1/2'", "3'", "1 1/2'", "1 3/8'", and "1 1/4'".

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The diagram illustrates the layout of the University of Mississippi campus, centered around the University Circle. The circle has a diameter of 3 feet. The University of Mississippi logo is positioned at the top of the circle. The text "THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI" is written around the circle, with "1/2" TIMES NEW ROMAN TEXT WITH EXPANDED SPACING" noted. The text "OLD CHAPEL (now Croft), Barnard Observatory, and the Lyceum" is written below the circle. The text "HILGARD CUT" is written to the right of the circle. The text "1848" is written inside the circle. The text "1 1/2" is written below the circle. The text "3" is written below the circle. The text "1 1/2" is written below the circle. The text "2'-0" is written at the bottom of the diagram.

[illegible]

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